

Do perovskite solar cells have long-term stability?

(Royal Society of Chemistry) Long-term stability is an essential requirement for perovskite solar cells (PSCs) to be com. viable. Heterojunctions built by low-dimensional and three-dimensional perovskites (1D/3D or 2D/3D) help to improve the stability of PSCs.

Are perovskite solar cells a bottleneck to industrialization?

(Wiley-Blackwell) The stability of perovskite solar cells (PSCs) has been identified to be the bottleneck toward their industrialization.

Can perovskite solar cells be printed without hysteresis?

Perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have reached an impressive efficiency over 23%. One of its promising characteristics is the low-cost solution printability, especially for flexible solar cells. However, printing large area uniform electron transport layers on rough and soft plastic substrates without hysteresis is still a great challenge.

Could a solid-state perovskite solar cell be a next-generation solar energy harvester?

Triggered by the development of the solid-state perovskite solar cell in 2012, intense follow-up research works on structure design, materials chem., process engineering, and device physics have contributed to the revolutionary evolution of the solid-state perovskite solar cell to be a strong candidate for a next-generation solar energy harvester.

How to achieve high-efficiency perovskite solar cells?

For achieving high-efficiency perovskite solar cells, it is almost always necessary to substantially passivate defects and protect the perovskite structure at its interfaces with charge transport layers.

Are perovskite/silicon tandem solar cells compatible with silicon bottom cells?

Despite the advance of monolithic perovskite/silicon tandem solar cells for high efficiencies of over 30%, challenges persist, especially in the compatibility of the perovskite fabrication process with industrial silicon bottom cells featuring micrometric pyramids.

A dual-interface 1D/3D perovskite heterojunction is spontaneously constructed via the migration and in situ reaction of the TEA⁺ cation with FAPbI₃ perovskite, where 1D perovskite gradient layers with ...

The heterogeneity of optoelectronic properties across the facets offers opportunities to create junctions that can enhance device performance. Here, we engineer a ...

The favorable bilayer facet heterojunction is realized in a perovskite-based photovoltaic device through integrating two films with distinct crystal facets (001)/(111). This strategy delivers ...

In the run-up to disclose commercial products, both two-terminal and mechanically stacked four-terminal perovskite/silicon tandem solar cells have been recently ...

Filter-free band-selective photodetectors with tunable band edges possess extensive applications in smart sensors, artificial intelligence, the internet of everything, and so ...

Moreover, the use of a mid-energy gap perovskite (1.68 eV) in the Si/perovskite cell was expected to result in fewer ionic losses compared to the all-perovskite ...

Here, we report a strain regulation strategy by forming a 3D/3D perovskite heterojunction at the buried interface through a vacuum-deposition method applicable to ...

The successful management of charge carriers at interfaces highlights the promise of using perovskite/perovskite heterojunctions to simultaneously improve the open ...

Recently developed organic-inorganic hybrid perovskite solar cells combine low-cost fabrication and high power conversion efficiency. Advances in perovskite film ...

The schematic device architecture with a highlight of the 3D/3D perovskite heterojunction at the buried interface is illustrated in Figure 4A. To reach better current matching, we increased the film thickness to ~750 nm. ...

Buried-Interface Engineering of Conformal 2D/3D Perovskite Heterojunction for Efficient Perovskite/Silicon Tandem Solar Cells on Industrially Textured Silicon

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